

Smarter Balanced Assessment Consortium:

Practice Test Scoring Guide Grade 11 Performance Task

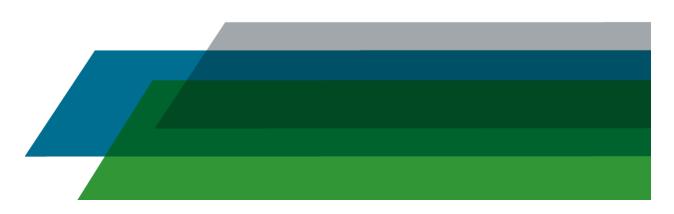
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SPEEDING TICKETS

New York state wants to change its system for assigning speeding fines to drivers. The current system allows a judge to assign a fine that is within the ranges shown in Table 1.

Table 1. New York Speeding Fines

| Miles per Hour over Speed Limit | Minimum Fine | Maximum Fine |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1 - 10 | \$45 | \$150 |
| 11 - 30 | \$90 | \$300 |
| 31 or more | \$180 | \$600 |

Some people have complained that the New York speeding fine system is not fair. The New Drivers Association (NDA) is recommending a new speeding fine system. The NDA is studying the Massachusetts system because of claims that it is fairer than the New York system.

Table 2. Massachusetts Speeding Fines

| Miles per Hour over Speed Limit | Fine |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 1 - 10 | \$100 flat charge |
| 11 or more | \$100 flat charge plus \$10 for each additional mph above the first 10 mph |

In this task, you will:

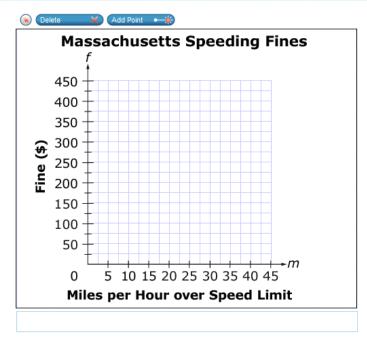
- analyze the speeding fine systems for both New York and Massachusetts.
- use data to propose a fairer speeding fine system for New York state.

1.

Part A

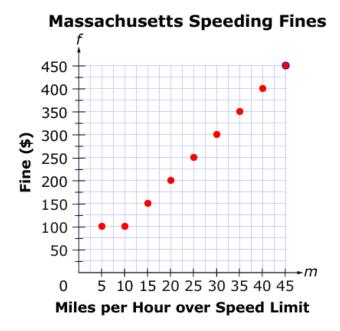
Use the information in Table 2 to plot data points for Massachusetts speeding fines.

- Plot a point to represent the fine for driving 5 mph over the speed limit.
 Plot additional points for each increment of 5 mph over the speed limit up to 45 mph over the speed



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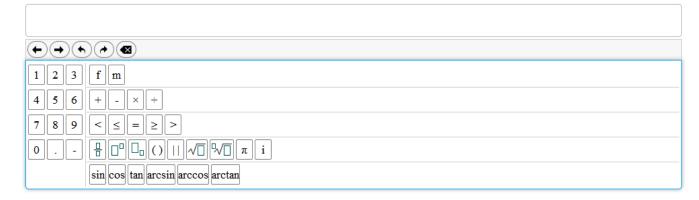
For this item, a full-credit response (1 point) includes:



2.

Part B

Create an equation to calculate the Massachusetts speeding fine, f, based on the number of miles per hour, m, over the speed limit when $1 \le m \le 10$.



For this item, a full-credit response (1 point) includes

• f = 100, and equivalent responses.

3.

Part C

Create an equation to calculate the Massachusetts speeding fine, f, based on the number of miles per hour, m, over the speed limit when m > 10.



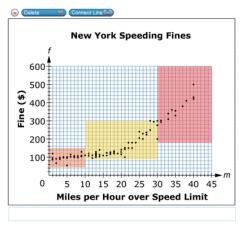
For this item, a full-credit response (1 point) includes

• f=100+10(m-10) or f=10(m-10)+100 or f=10m, and equivalent responses.

4.

The graph below shows data from a sample of actual fines for driving above the speed limit in New York.

Part AUse the Connect Line tool to create a piecewise linear model with two line segments, one for $1 \le m \le 20$ and one for $20 \le m \le 40$, that approximates the best fit for the data.

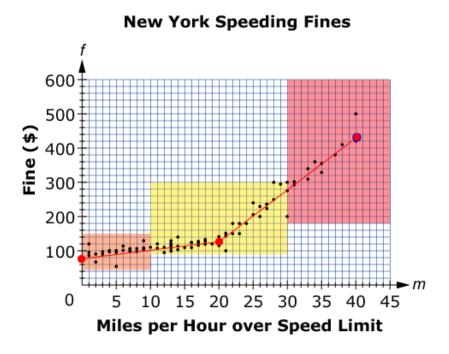


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For this item, a full-credit response includes (1 point) includes

• the graph of a piecewise linear function that approximates the data points on the graph. (Note: There is a range of acceptable answers, near f = 2m + 90 for $1 \le m \le 20$; f = 15m - 170 for $20 \le m \le 40$.)

For example:

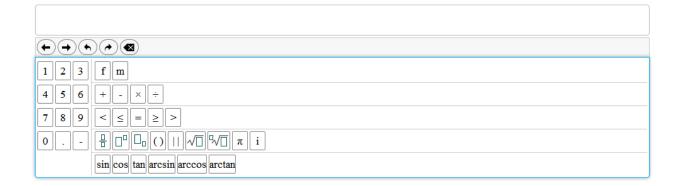


5.

Part B

Using your model from part A, create an equation to calculate the speeding fine, f, based on the number of miles per hour, m, over the speed limit when $1 \le m \le 20$.

This equation will be the start of the proposed new model for the New York speeding fine system.



For this item, a full-credit response (1 point) includes

- writing an equation with a slope ranging between 1 and 3, AND a y-intercept ranging between 80 and 100
 OR
- writing an equation that matches the (correct or incorrect) line graphed as the first piece of item number 1435.

For example,

•
$$f = 2m + 90$$

For this item, a no-credit response (0 points) includes none of the features of a full-credit response.

For example,

•
$$f = 15.5m - 201.5$$

6.

Part (

Using your model from part A, create an equation to calculate the speeding fine, f, based on the number of miles per hour, m, over the speed limit when m > 20.

This equation will complete the proposed new model for the New York speeding fine system.

| \bigcirc | |
|------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 2 3 | f m |
| 4 5 6 | + - × ÷ |
| 7 8 9 | < \leq = \geq > |
| 0 | |
| | sin cos tan arcsin arccos arctan |

For this item, a full-credit response (1 point) includes

- writing an equation with a slope ranging between 13 and 18, AND a y-intercept ranging between -260 and -120.
 OR
- writing an equation that matches the (correct or incorrect) line graphed as the second piece of item number 1435.

For example,

•
$$f = 15m - 170$$

For this item, a no-credit response (0 points) includes both

• all other responses.

For example,

•
$$f = 2m + 95$$

| The NDA claims that the proposed new model for the New York speeding fine system is fairer than the current system. | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Do you agree or disagree with the claim? Explain your reasoning using specific examples from this task. | | | |
| | | | |
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| | | | |

For this item, a full-credit response (2 points) includes

- agreeing with the claim AND
- justifying the response by citing at least one comparison between values used in the two systems.

For example,

• "I agree. In the current system, a driver who is ticketed for speeding by 11 mph could be fined \$300. A driver who is ticketed for speeding by 30 mph could be fined \$90. In the new system, any driver who speeds by 11 mph would pay \$112 and a driver who speeds by 30 mph would pay \$280. It is fairer that drivers who speed by the same amount will pay the same fine and the fine will increase as the excess speed increases."

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For this item, a partial-credit response (1 point) includes:

 agreeing with the claim AND

• justifying the response WITHOUT citing any examples

OR

• justifying the incorrect response by citing examples from previous incorrect work in any of the previous items.

For example,

• "I agree. It is fairer that drivers who are ticketed for the same excess speed will pay the same fine and the fine will increase as the excess speed increases."

For this item, a no-credit response (0 points) includes none of the features of a partial- or full-credit response.

For example,

• "I agree."

This item is not graded on spelling or grammar.